Initial Equalities Screening Record Form

Date of Screening: April 2021	Directorate: Place, Planning and Regeneration Section: Planning			
Activity to be assessed	Bracknell Town Neighbourhood Plan (Referendum version, incorporating modifications)			
2. What is the activity?	□ Policy/strategy			
3. Is it a new or existing activity?	⊠ New			
4. Officer responsible for the screening	Principal I	Planning Officer, Development Plan		
5. Who are the members of the screening team?	Assistant	Director: Planning and Team Manager - De	velopment Pla	an
6. What is the purpose of the activity?	Bracknell Town Council has written a Neighbourhood Development Plan (the Plan) for its area with the involvement and help of the local community. The Plan sets out objectives for the future of the area and contains planning policies to guide the development and use of land in Bracknell Town Parish, and covers the period 2016-2036. The Plan has been subject to two formal public consultations (under Regulation 14 and Regulation 16 of the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations (2012) (as amended)) and has been examined by an Independent Examiner. The Examiner recommended that, subject to the modifications recommended in his report, the Bracknell Town Neighbourhood Plan is submitted to referendum. A referendum was duly held on 9 September 2021. As more than half of those voting, voted in favour of the Plan at a referendum, it will now become part of the statutory Development Plan for Bracknell Forest.			
7. Who is the activity designed to benefit/target?	The Bracknell Town Neighbourhood Plan aims to create benefits for everyone who lives, works, shops or spends leisure time in Bracknell Town parish. The planning policies will be used when determining planning applications relating to land within the neighbourhood area of Bracknell Town. The Plan will be used by applicants and Council officers to shape new development within the parish. Neighbourhood Planning is an initiative which was brought in by the government to help empower local communities.			
Protected Characteristics	Please tick yes or no	Is there an equality impact? If so, what kind of equality impact may the is the impact positive or adverse or is ther potential for both? If the impact is neutral please give a reason.	e a	What evidence do you have to support this? E.g equality monitoring data, consultation results, customer satisfaction information etc Please add a narrative to justify your claims around impacts and describe the analysis and interpretation of evidence to support your conclusion as this will inform members decision making, include consultation results/satisfaction information/equality monitoring data

8. Disability Equality – this can include physical, mental health, learning or sensory disabilities and includes conditions such as dementia as well as hearing or sight impairment.	Y	There is likely to be an overall positive impact.	Whilst there are no specific policies in the Plan that make provision for specific groups of people, the Plan includes policies to support proposals which retain, improve and enhance community facilities and support development that will allow for complementary uses alongside present and future community facilities, together with the retention of community facilities, which are often used by various groups. There are also policies which support the retention of open space of public value, and protect local green spaces, which will be of benefit to all within the community in terms of physical and mental wellbeing. Policies which allow for reprovision of certain facilities under certain conditions, include criteria for these to be accessible by foot (for example allotments and open space). There are also policies which support the retention and enhancement of cycleways and footpaths between Bracknell Town Centre, schools and residential neighbourhoods.
9. Racial equality		There is likely to be a neutral impact.	It is not envisaged that there will be a differential impact based on racial equality, as there are no specific policies in the Plan that make provision for specific groups of people. The policies within the Plan relate to: • the protection and enhancement of the character of the environment and community (such as protection of open spaces, community facilities, heritage assets, policies relating to air quality and biodiversity, managing street scape and local character), • supporting the local economy (such as small businesses, maintaining and enhancing existing neighbourhood shopping centres (including Bracknell Town Centre), and supporting the use of two centres for lifelong learning), and • strengthening local transport infrastructure and ensuring Bracknell is sustainable (such as retaining and enhancing cycle ways and footpaths, supporting school pick up and drop off areas).

		These policies should have a positive impact on all who live and work within the neighbourhood plan area equally rather than specific groups, so there is not considered to be any equality impact.
10. Gender equality	There is likely to be a neutral impact.	It is not envisaged that there will be a differential impact based on gender equality, as there are no specific policies in the Plan that make provisions for specific groups of people.
		 The policies within the Plan relate to: the protection and enhancement of the character of the environment and community (such as protection of open spaces, community facilities, heritage assets, policies relating to air quality and biodiversity, managing street scape and local character), supporting the local economy (such as small businesses, maintaining and enhancing existing neighbourhood shopping centres (including Bracknell Town Centre), and supporting the use of two centres for lifelong learning), and strengthening local transport infrastructure and ensuring Bracknell is sustainable (such as retaining and enhancing cycle ways and footpaths, supporting school pick up and drop off areas).
		These policies should have a positive impact on all who live and work within the neighbourhood plan area equally rather than specific groups, so there is not considered to be any equality impact.
11. Sexual orientation equality	There is likely to be a neutral impact.	It is not envisaged that there will be a differential impact based on sexual orientation equality, as there are no specific policies in the Plan that make provision for specific groups of people.
		The policies within the Plan relate to: • the protection and enhancement of the character of the environment and community

		 (such as protection of open spaces, community facilities, heritage assets, policies relating to air quality and biodiversity, managing street scape and local character), supporting the local economy (such as small businesses, maintaining and enhancing existing neighbourhood shopping centres (including Bracknell Town Centre), and supporting the use of two centres for lifelong learning), and strengthening local transport infrastructure and ensuring Bracknell is sustainable (such as retaining and enhancing cycle ways and footpaths, supporting school pick up and drop off areas).
		These policies should have a positive impact on all who live and work within the neighbourhood plan area equally rather than specific groups, so there is not considered to be any equality impact.
12. Gender re-assignment	There is likely to be a neutral impact.	It is not envisaged that there will be a differential impact based on gender re-assignment equality, as there are no specific policies in the Plan that make provision for specific groups of people.
		The policies within the Plan relate to: • the protection and enhancement of the character of the environment and community (such as protection of open spaces, community facilities, heritage assets, policies relating to air quality and biodiversity, managing street scape and local character),
		supporting the local economy (such as small businesses, maintaining and enhancing existing neighbourhood shopping centres (including Bracknell Town Centre), and supporting the use of two centres for lifelong learning), and
		strengthening local transport infrastructure and ensuring Bracknell is sustainable (such as retaining and enhancing cycle ways and

			footpaths, supporting school pick up and drop off areas). These policies should have a positive impact on all who live and work within the neighbourhood plan area equally rather than specific groups, so there is not considered to be any equality impact.
13. Age equality	Y	There is likely to be an overall positive impact.	Whilst there are no specific policies in the Plan that make provision for specific groups of people, the Plan includes policies to support proposals which retain, improve and enhance community facilities, and support development that will allow for complementary uses alongside present and future community facilities retention of community facilities, which are often used by various groups of any age. There is also a policy which will support proposals for retention and continued use of Bracknell and Wokingham College and Bracknell Open Learning Centre for lifelong learning. There are also policies which support the retention of open space of public value, and protect local green spaces, which will be of benefit to all within the community. There are also policies which support the retention and enhancement of cycleways and footpaths between Bracknell Town Centre, schools and residential neighbourhoods.
14. Religion and belief equality		There is likely to be a neutral impact.	It is not envisaged that there will be a differential impact based on religion and belief equality, as there are no specific policies in the Plan that make provision for specific groups of people. The policies within the Plan relate to: • the protection and enhancement of the character of the environment and community (such as protection of open spaces, community facilities, heritage assets, policies relating to air quality and biodiversity, managing street scape and local character), • supporting the local economy (such as small businesses, maintaining and enhancing existing neighbourhood shopping centres

			(including Bracknell Town Centre), and supporting the use of two centres for lifelong learning), and • strengthening local transport infrastructure and ensuring Bracknell is sustainable (such as retaining and enhancing cycle ways and footpaths, supporting school pick up and drop off areas). These policies should have a positive impact on all who live and work within the neighbourhood plan area equally rather than specific groups, so there is not considered to be any equality impact.
15. Pregnancy and maternity equality	Y	There is likely to be an overall positive impact.	Whilst there are no specific policies in the Plan that make provision for specific groups of people, the Plan includes policies to support proposals which retain, improve and enhance community facilities, and support development that will allow for complementary uses alongside present and future community facilities retention of community facilities, which are often used by health workers, and for play groups etc.
16. Marriage and civil partnership equality		There is likely to be a neutral impact.	It is not envisaged that there will be a differential impact based on marriage and civil partnership equality, as there are no specific policies in the Plan that make provision for specific groups of people. The policies within the Plan relate to: • the protection and enhancement of the character of the environment and community (such as protection of open spaces, community facilities, heritage assets, policies relating to air quality and biodiversity, managing street scape and local character), • supporting the local economy (such as small businesses, maintaining and enhancing existing neighbourhood shopping centres (including Bracknell Town Centre), and supporting the use of two centres for lifelong learning), and

			strengthening local transport infrastructure and ensuring Bracknell is sustainable (such as retaining and enhancing cycle ways and footpaths, supporting school pick up and drop off areas). These policies should have a positive impact on all who live and work within the neighbourhood plan area equally rather than specific groups, so there is not considered to be any equality impact.
17. Please give details of any other potential impacts on any other group (e.g. those on lower incomes/carers/ex-offenders, armed forces communities) and on promoting good community relations.	protectimpro protectimpro protection safeg suppo (Policimuse of mix of the Plant of prepared a issues/vie) Furthermo	oved public access to watercourses and river corridors (Poct/provide additional habitat resources for wildlife through versity corridors in private gardens (Policies EV3, EV4, EVct air quality (Policy EV9) juard heritage assets (Policies HE1-HE3)	cies EV1 and EV2), and support proposals which support blicy EV8) protection of trees, new tree planting, and green space /5, and HO5) , maintain and enhance neighbourhood shopping centres oport proposals which ensure retention and continued Policy EC4), and support proposals which incorporate a TR2 and TR3), support provision of school pick up and upon the highway network (Policy TR8). nity overall. In addition, this is a Plan that has been Council - and as such it reflects local community
18. If an adverse/negative impact has been identified can it be justified on grounds of promoting equality of opportunity for one group or for any other reason?	N/A		
19. If there is any difference in the impact of the activity when considered for each of the equality groups listed in 8 – 14 above; how significant is the	No negativ	ve impacts have been identified in respect of any of the gr	roups listed in 8-16, above.

difference in terms of its nature and the number of people likely to be affected?				
20. Could the impact constitute unlawful discrimination in relation to any of the Equality Duties?		N		
21. What further information or data is required to better understand the impact? Where and how can that information be obtained?		ught into legal		art of the statutory Development Plan for Bracknell Forest once it is ant planning policies will be monitored as part of the 'Authority
22. On the basis of sections 7 – 17 above is a full impact assessment required?		been Brack	produced by and for the loc	as no potentially negative impacts have been identified. The Plan has cal community of Bracknell Town. Furthermore, the electorate of the opportunity to vote on whether the Plan is 'made' at a local
23. If a full impact assessment is not required; what a opportunity through this activity or to obtain further i				tial differential/adverse impact, to further promote equality of in full, adding more rows as needed.
Action		Timescale	Person Responsible	Milestone/Success Criteria
'Make' the Plan (bring into legal force) so that it can be used when determining planning applications.		19 October 2021	Executive	Executive agree to bring the Plan into legal force and a decision is published (in accordance with Regulation 19).
Monitor the effectiveness or otherwise of planning policies in the neighbourhood Plan.		On-going (following the making of the Plan)	Development Plan Team	As decisions on planning applications are made using policies in the Plan (both delegated, committee and appeals), an understanding of the effectiveness of the policies will be gained.
		1	1	

Monitor the effectiveness or otherwise of planning policies in the neighbourhood Plan. On-going (following the making of the Plan) 24. Which service, business or work plan will these actions be included in? Planning The Council's Statement of Community Involvement (February 2014) sets out how the Council will consult on equality or examples of good practice identified as part of the screening? The Council statement of Community Involvement (February 2014) sets out how the Council will consult on elapsing planning policy documents. The stages and nature of consultations on neighbourhood plans are also stipulated in national legislation, policy (National Planning Policy Framework) and guidance (Planning Practice Guidance). Bracknell Town Council undertook consultation to inform the preparation of the Plan prior to submitting the Plan to the Council (Regulation 14 consultation between 9 June and 20 August 2018). Bracknell Forest Council

	undertook a statutory 6-week public consultation on the submission version of the Bracknell Town Neighbourhood Plan (Regulation 16 consultation between 7 January and 18 February 2019). A focused consultation was also held during the course of the examination (between 18 November and 16 December 2019). The Plan was also subject to a local community referendum on 9 September 2021, in line with regulations, which ensures the process is democratic.
26. Assistant Director's signature.	Signature: Mm Saler Date: 03/09/2021